

Collaboration for a Value & Science-Driven Health System

Evidence Mobilization Action Collaborative

Webinar July 28, 2020 | 10:00 AM – 1:45 PM EST

Share your thoughts!



NATIONAL ACADEMY OF MEDICINE

Welcome & Introduction



Michael McGinnis National Academy of Medicine





Learning Health System

"A learning health care system is one in which science, informatics, incentives, and culture are aligned for continuous improvement, innovation, and equity, with best practices seamlessly embedded in the care process, patients and families active participants in all elements, and new knowledge captured as an integral by-product of the care experience."

NAM Leadership Consortium Charter, 2006



Learning Health System Series



Vision • Research • Evidence • Effectiveness • Trials • IT Platform • Data Quality & Use • Health Costs • Value • Complexity • Best Care • Patients • Systems • Measures • Leadership



THE LEARNING HEALTH SYSTEM SERIES



Anchor Principles

... for health system performance

Quality Chasm Learning Health System

- ✓ Patient-centered
- ✓ Safe
- ✓ Effective
- ✓ Equitable
- ✓ Efficient
- ✓ Timely

✓ Personal
✓ Safe
✓ Effective
✓ Equitable
✓ Efficient
✓ Accessible
✓ Transparent
✓ Adaptive

✓ Secure





COVID-19 Sector Impact Assessments

- 1. Patients, families, and consumers
- 2. Clinicians and professional societies
- 3. Care delivery organizations
- 4. Digital health
- 5. State and local public health
- 6. Health payers
- 7. Health product manufacturers and innovators
- 8. Health and biomedical research
- 9. Quality, safety, and standards



Evidence Mobilization Action Collaborative Chairs



Rick Kuntz Medtronic



Rich Platt Harvard University





Agenda

Welcome	10:00 – 10:15 AN
Michael McGinnis, National Academy of Medic Rich Platt, Harvard University Rick Kuntz, Medtronic	cine
Strategic Framing	10:15 – 10:30 AM
Michael McGinnis, National Academy of Medic Collaborative Co-chairs	cine
COVID-19 Pandemic: Tracking and Tracing	10:30 – 11:00 AN
Ashish Jha, Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public	Health
COVID-19 Pandemic: Clinical Presentation	11:00 – 11:30 AN
Howard Zucker, Health Commissioner, State of	New York
COVID-19 Pandemic: Treatment	11:30 – 12:00 PN

Carlos del Rio, Emory University School of Medicine

Agenda

Break	12:00 – 12:15 PM
COVID-19 Pandemic: Mobilizing Evidence and the General Public	12:15 – 12:45 PM
Dietram A. Scheufele, University of Wisconsin	-Madison
FDA Evidence Accelerator	12:45 – 1:15 PM
Amy Abernethy, Food and Drug Administration	า
Reflection From Speakers	1:15 – 1:30 PM
Summary of Next Steps and Closing Remarks	1:30 – 1:45 PM
Michael McGinnis, National Academy of Medi Collaborative Co-chairs	cine
Adjourn	1:45 PM





Zoom Instructions

Panelists

@theNAMedicine

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Attendees - Q & A

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Collaboration for a Value & Science-Driven Health System

Strategic Framing







Evidence Mobilization





Anchor principles for stewards of evidence generation and use

Organizations and individuals developing, interpreting, and applying evidence in a learning health system are responsible for assuring that the activities are:

Personal Services assessed and delivered are tailored to circumstances and individual goals. Health services and research contain safeguards against unintended harm. Safe Services delivered are supported by, and contribute to, best available evidence. Effective Equitable Evidence is generated and applied using objective standards to eliminate bias. Efficient Evidence is provided in content, form, and manner appropriate to need. Relevant evidence is available at the point of service. Accessible Evidence is transparent as to source, strength, and applicability. Transparent Evidence protocols are continuously assessed for, and responsive to, new information. Adaptive Personal health data are securely tracked, reported, and stored. Secure



Candidate dashboard indicators

- % of standardized national guidelines supported by high quality evidence
- % of health care delivered and reimbursed which is supported by high quality evidence
- % of individuals endorsing protected use of their personal health data for evidence generation, using an understandable, uniform consent vehicle





Collaboration for a Value & Science-Driven Health System

Evidence Generation During the COVID-19 Pandemic: Tracking and Tracing



Ashish Jha Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health

@theNAMedicine





Question & Answer

Panelists

@theNAMedicine

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Collaboration for a Value & Science-Driven Health System

Evidence Generation During the COVID-19 Pandemic: Clinical Presentation



Howard Zucker

Health Commissioner State of New York







New York State's Pandemic Response: Identifying Documenting, and Communicating Novel Presentation of COVID-19

Howard Zucker, M.D., J.D. Commissioner of Health, New York State

National Academy of Medicine Leadership Consortium • July 28, 2020



How did we get down from the mountain?



% Positive Tests per Day (7-day rolling average)



Channels for COVID-19 Evidence Generation in NYS

- **Guidance & Policy:** 124+ provider documents released
- Diagnostics: Identifying those who have COVID-19
- **Serology:** Identifying those who had COVID-19
- Contract Tracing: Finding/isolating those who might have COVID-19
- Therapeutics: Treatments for novel presentations of COVID-19
- Data Communication: COVID-19 Tracker & Early Warning Dashboard



Guidance & Polices Sources

Before First Case

- Clinical data from China
- Epidemiologic data from WHO-China Joint Mission
- CDC case definitions & testing/isolation/quarantine guidance

Outbreak Phase

- NYS data collection
- CDC Epi-Aid
- CDC case definitions & testing/isolation/quarantine guidance
- Academic studies



NYS Case Counts and State Policy Directives



Source: https://coronavirus.jhu.edu/data/state-timeline/new-confirmed-cases/new-york/1



New York State COVID-19 Testing

February 29, 2020

 2 FDA EUA molecular assays, including test from Wadsworth Center

July 21, 2020

- 117 molecular diagnostic assays (4 POC)
 - 2 antigen-based diagnostic assays

31 serology assays



New York State COVID-19 Testing Operations

Mobile Testing Sites

- Set up 40 drive-through & walk-in sites statewide to collect specimen samples from individuals
- Each drive-through site staffed by several state, county, and local agencies
- State partnered with Department using our Incident Command System and organizational structure

Wadsworth Center Laboratory

- Performed 2,000+ diagnostic & 2,000+ serologic (antibody) tests per day.
- Over 70+ laboratory personnel were engaged from other parts of the Lab to provide adequate coverage for round-the-clock operations.



Increasing NYS Laboratory Testing Capacity



Clinical Laboratories (CLIA) Reporting PCR Diagnostic and Serology Results for NYS Specimens



Department of Health COVID-19 Tracker





Antibody Testing

Department of Health Serology Initiative Wadsworth DBS Sample

Population Tested	Region	Number Tested	Percent Reactive
Grocery Store Sample (April)	Statewide	15,340	12.4%
Grocery Store Sample #2 (June)	Statewide	12,368	10.4%
Grocery Store Workers	Statewide	1,784	11.6%
Food Service Workers	Statewide	1,919	10.6%
Healthcare Workers	NYC/Metro	7,838	15.3%
First Responders	NYC/Metro	1,997	14%
Essential State Employees	Statewide	7,024	6.8%
New York State Police	Statewide	2,369	2.7%



New York State's "Contact Tracing Playbook"



Replicable program developed with partners:

- Bloomberg Philanthropies
- Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health
- Resolve to Save Lives



Convalescent Serology & Hydroxychloroquine Studies

	Contents lists available at ScienceDirect	M	Annah of Epidemiala
	Annals of Epidemiology	-	
ELSEVIER			

Original article

Cumulative incidence and diagnosis of SARS-CoV-2 infection in New York

Eli S. Rosenberg, PhD^{a,*}, James M. Tesoriero, PhD^b, Elizabeth M. Rosenthal, MPH^a, Rakkoo Chung, PhD^b, Meredith A. Barranco, MPH⁴, Linda M. Styer, PhD^c, Monica M. Parker, PhD^c, Shu-Yin John Leung, MA^b, Johanne E. Morne, MS^b, Danielle Greene, DrPH^b, David R. Holtgrave, PhD^a, Dina Hoefer, PhD^b, Jessica Kumar, DO^b, Tomoko Udo, PhD^a, Brad Hutton, MPH^b, Howard A. Zucker, MD^b

City 1 January 2020–12 April 2020 JAMA | Original Investigation

Association of Treatment With Hydroxychloroquine or Azithromycin With In-Hospital Mortality in Patients With COVID-19 in New York State

Eli S. Rosenberg, PhD; Elizabeth M. Dufort, MD; Tomoko Udo, PhD; Larissa A. Wilberschied, MS; Jessica Kumar, DO; James Tesoriero, PhD; Patti Weinberg, PA; James Kirkwood, MPH; Alison Muse, MPH; Jack DeHovitz, MD; Dehra S. Biog, MD; Brad Hutton, MPH; David R. Holdgrave, PhD; Howard A. Jucker, MD

Clinical Infectious Diseases



COVID-19 Testing, Epidemic Features, Hospital Outcomes, and Household Prevalence, New York State—March 2020

Eli S. Rosenberg,¹ Elizabeth M. Dufort,² Debra S. Blog,² Eric W. Hall,² Dina Hoefer,² Bryon P. Backenson,² Alison T. Muse,² James N. Kirkwood,² Kirsten St. George,⁴ David R. Holtgrave,¹ Brad J. Hutton,² and Howard A. Zuckar²; for the New York State Coronavirus 2019 Response Team March 20: Gautret et al. study posted on preprint server MedRxiv

March 23: Began planning for an observational study

Evaluated hospitalized patients admitted March 15-28

Follow-up through April 27 for outcomes

May 11: Published online in JAMA



Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome in Children Associated with COVID-19 (MIS-C)

- End of April, reports out of UK and Europe
- May 6th NYSDOH Health Advisory
- Reportable to NYSDOH

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome in Children in New York State

Elizabeth M. Dufort, M.D., Emilia H. Koumans, M.D., M.P.H., Eric J. Chow, M.D., M.P.H., Elizabeth M. Rosenthal, M.P.H., Alison Muse, M.P.H., Jemma Rowlands, M.P.H., Meredith A. Barranco, M.P.H., Angela M. Maxted, D.V.M., Ph.D., Eli S. Rosenberg, Ph.D., Delia Easton, Ph.D., Tomoko Udo, Ph.D., Jessica Kumar, D.O., et al., for the New York State and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome

- Evaluated hospitalized patients reported as potential MIS-C cases to NYSDOH retrospective to March 1 and through May 10, 2020
- Published in New England Journal of Medicine on June 29, 2020



Department of Health Early-Warning Dashboard





STOPPING THE SPREAD

New York is leading the way by:

- Sharing best practices with cities around the United States,
- Stopping the spread through diagnostic testing and contact tracing,
- Urging residents to wear masks, practice frequent handwashing, and maintain social distancing.





Question & Answer

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Collaboration for a Value & Science-Driven Health System

Evidence Generation During the COVID-19 Pandemic: Treatment



Carlos del Rio Emory University School of Medicine









COVID-19 Treatment

CARLOS DEL RIO, MD

EMORY UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

FOREIGN SECRETARY, NATIONAL ACADEMY OF MEDICINE









COVID-19 Spectrum

Stage	Characteristics			
Asymptomatic/ presymptomatic infection	Positive test for SARS-CoV-2 but no symptoms			
Mild illness	 Varied symptoms (eg, fever, cough, sore throat, taste/smell disturbance) but no shortness of breath or abnormal imaging 			
Moderate illness	 SpO₂ <u>>94% & lower respiratory disease (clinical or imaging findings)</u> 			
Severe illness	 SpO₂ < 94%, PaO₂/FiO₂ < 300, respiratory rate >30/min, or lung infiltrates > 50% 			
Critical illness	 Respiratory failure, shock, and/or multiorgan dysfunction 			

Severity

Coronavirus [COVID-19]: the severity of diagnosed cases in China Our World Descriptions of 44.415 confirmed cases of COVID-19 nationwide in China.

Descriptions of 44,415 confirmed cases of COVID-19 nationwide in China. Included are confirmed cases in the early period of the outbreak of the disease up to February 11, 2020.



Data source: Novel Coronavirus Pneumonia Emergency Response Epidemiology Team. *Vital surveillances: the epidemiological characteristics of an outbreak of 2019 novel coronavirus diseases* (COVID-19)–China, 2020. China CDC Weekly. Case counts: 36,160 mild cases; 6,168 severe cases; 2,087 critical cases. OurWorldinData.org – Research and data to make progress against the world's largest problems. Licensed under CC-BY by Hannah Ritchie and Max Roser

Goals of Treatment Across the COVID-19 Spectrum





- Viral entry: ACE2 and TMPRSS2: camostat
- Membrane fusion and endocytosis: hydroxychloroquine (HCQ)
- Viral protease: lopinavir/ritonavir
- RNA-dependent RNA polymerase: remdesivir, favipiravir

Sanders et al JAMA 2020

Severity

Interventions

Treatment: Some Suggested Options

Remdesivir	Nelfinavir		
Chloroquine	Penciclovir		
Hydroxychloroquine	Mefloquine		
Lopinavir/ritonavir	Oseltamivir		
Darunavir/cobicistat	Immunomodulators		
Ribavirin	 Corticosteroids Tocilizumab 		
Nitazoxanide	 INF-alpha (inhalational) 		
Niclosamide	IVIGBaricitinib		
Favipiravir	 Interferon lambda 		
Convalescent serum			
Monoclonal antibody			

Open Forum Infectious Diseases, ofaa105, https://doi.org/10.1093/ofid/ofaa105

Case of HCQ: From single arm studies and observational cohorts ...



International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents Available online 20 March 2020, 105949 In Press, Journal Pre-proof (?)

Hydroxychloroquine and azithromycin as a treatment of COVID-19: results of an openlabel non-randomized clinical trial

Philippe Gautret ^{a, b, §}, Jean-Christophe Lagier ^{a, c, §}, Philippe Parola ^{a, b}, Van Thuan Hoang ^{a, b, d}, Line Meddeb ^a, Morgane Mailhe ^a, Barbara Doudier ^a, Johan Courjon ^{e, f, g}, Valérie Giordanengo ^h, Vera Esteves Vieira ^a, Hervé Tissot Dupont ^{a, c}, Stéphane Honoré ^{i, j}, Philippe Colson ^{a, c}, Eric Chabrière ^{a, c}, Bernard La Scola ^{a, c}, Jean-Marc Rolain ^{a, c}, Philippe Brouqui ^{a, c}, Didier Raoult ^{a, c} ス 🖄

the bmj | BMJ 2020;369:m1844 | doi: 10.1136/bmj.m1844

Severity

Clinical efficacy of hydroxychloroquine in patients with covid-19 pneumonia who require oxygen: observational comparative study using routine care data

Matthieu Mahévas,¹ Viet-Thi Tran,² Mathilde Roumier,³ Amélie Chabrol,⁴ Romain Paule,³ Constance Guillaud,¹ Elena Fois,¹ Raphael Lepeule,⁵ Tali-Anne Szwebel,⁶ François-Xavier Lescure,⁷ Frédéric Schlemmer,⁸ Marie Matignon,⁹ Mehdi Khellaf,¹ Etienne Crickx,¹ Benjamin Terrier,⁶ Caroline Morbieu,⁶ Paul Legendre,⁶ Julien Dang,² Yoland Schoindre,³ Jean-Michel Pawlotsky,¹⁰ Marc Michel,¹ Elodie Perrodeau,² Nicolas Carlier,¹¹ Nicolas Roche,¹¹ Victoire de Lastours,¹² Clément Ourghanlian,¹³ Solen Kerneis,¹⁴ Philippe Ménager,¹⁵ Luc Mouthon,⁶ Etienne Audureau,¹⁶ Philippe Ravaud,² Bertrand Godeau,¹ Sébastien Gallien,¹⁷ Nathalie Costedoat-Chalumeau^{2,6} ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Observational Study of Hydroxychloroquine in Hospitalized Patients with Covid-19

 Joshua Geleris, M.D., Yifei Sun, Ph.D., Jonathan Platt, Ph.D., Jason Zucker, M.D., Matthew Baldwin, M.D., George Hripcsak, M.D., Angelena Labella, M.D.,
 Daniel K. Manson, M.D., Christine Kubin, Pharm.D., R. Graham Barr, M.D., Dr.P.H., Magdalena E. Sobieszczyk, M.D., M.P.H., and Neil W. Schluger, M.D.



Host

HCQ: To randomized controlled trials...

Post-exposure prophylaxis

Hospitalized patients







Media Advisory Saturday, June 20, 2020

NIH halts clinical trial of hydroxychloroquine Study shows treatment does no harm, but provides no benefit



Limitation: only 2-3% confirmed dx

Host

Boulware et al, NEJM 2020

The Case of Remdesivir (RDV)

- Nucleotide prodrug: inhibits viral RNA polymerase: chain terminator
 - Developed in 2009 by Gilead for Hep C treatment → didn't work
- Re-purposed in 2015 for Ebola: inhibited viral replication in rhesus macaques.
- RCT in 2018 in DRC comparing remdesivir with Zmapp and other 2 monoclonal Ab → lower mortality with 2 monoclonal Ab compared to remdesivir and Zmapp
- Inhibits viral replication in cell cultures: SARS CoV, MERS-CoV, SARS CoV2 → human trials for COVID-19



Severity



H U.S. National Library of Medicine

ClinicalTrials.gov

Remdesivir Clinical Trials

Seven ongoing registered clinical trials world-wide

- Gilead Moderate COVID-19 (NCT04292730) (SIMPLE)
 - Phase 3, Open label, Randomized. Enrollment = 1600
 - 3 arms: (1) RDV 5 days, (2) RDV 10 days, (3) Standard of Care
- Gilead Severe COVID-19 (NCT04292899) (SIMPLE)
 - Phase 3, Open label, Randomized. E = 1600
 - 2 arms: (1) RDV 5 days, (2) RDV 10 days
- NIAID Adaptive Trial (NCT04280705) (ACTT)
 - Phase 2, Blinded, Randomized. Enrollment = 800
 - 2 arms: (1) RDV 10 days, (2) Placebo (adaptive)
- NIAID Combination Trial (NCT04401579) (ACTT-II)
 - Phase 2, Blinded, Randomized. Estimated enrollment = 1032
 - 2 arms: (1) RDV 10 days + Baricitinib, (2) RDV 10 days + placebo (adaptive)

Remdesivir for the Treatment of Covid-19 — Preliminary Report

J.H. Beigel, K.M. Tomashek, L.E. Dodd, A.K. Mehta, B.S. Zingman, A.C. Kalil, E. Hohmann, H.Y. Chu, A. Luetkemeyer, S. Kline, D. Lopez de Castilla, R.W. Finberg, K. Dierberg, V. Tapson, L. Hsieh, T.F. Patterson, R. Paredes, D.A. Sweeney, W.R. Short, G. Touloumi, D.C. Lye, N. Ohmagari, M. Oh, G.M. Ruiz-Palacios, T. Benfield, G. Fätkenheuer, M.G. Kortepeter, R.L. Atmar, C.B. Creech, J. Lundgren, A.G. Babiker, S. Pett, J.D. Neaton, T.H. Burgess, T. Bonnett, M. Green, M. Makowski, A. Osinusi, S. Nayak, and H.C. Lane, for the ACTT-1 Study Group Members* This article was published on May 22, 2020, at NEJM.org.

DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa2007764





Passive Antibody Therapy

- Passive transfer of neutralizing Ab: eg convalescent plasma (CP), monoclonal antibodies (mAb)
- CP used to treat other viral infections, eg Argentine hemorrhagic fever
- Case series show radiographic improvement, reduction of viral shedding
- Open label randomized trial suggested benefit of CP in severe disease (treatment given late in disease course)
- Risks: transfusion reactions (rare), antibody dependent enhancement
- Ongoing prophylactic and therapeutic trials of CP, mAb



Severity

Steroids: Case of Dexamethasone



 Controversy regarding use of steroids in viral pneumonia, acute respiratory distress syndrome

- Given hyperinflammatory state in COVID-19, steroids evaluated as potential intervention

= Open label, randomized trial among hospitalized patients in the UK: 2104 received dex, 4321 usual care

Severity

	Dex	Usual Care	RR mortality	
No oxygen required	85/501 (17%)	137/1034 (13%)	1.22 (0.86 – 1.75)	
Oxygen only	275/1279 (21.5%)	650/2604 (25%)	0.8 (0.67 – 0.96)	
Ventilation/ECMO	94/324 (29%)	278/683 (40.7%)	0.65 (0.45 – 0.88)	
All participants	454/2104 (21.6%)	1065/4321 (24.6%)	0.83 (0.74-0.92) p=0.0007	

Conclusion: Dexamethasone associated with decreased mortality among those on supplemental oxygen or on mechanical ventilation/ECMO. No benefit in those not requiring oxygen.

Treating Complications: Role of Anticoagulation

- Infection with SARS-CoV-2 associated with an inflammatory and pro-thrombotic state

- Thromboembolic disease reported in people with COVID-19, particularly in those with critical illness

- Hospitalized patients should receive venous thromboembolism prophylaxis

- Ongoing and upcoming trials of anticoagulation in COVID-19

A Risk Factors

- Acute illness
- Bedridden, stasis
- Genetics
- Fever
 Diarrhea
- Sepsis
- Liver injury
- CKD
- COPD
- HF
- Malignancy

Inflammatory Response Endothelial Dysfunction Superimposed Infection



Lymphopenia Inflammatory cytokines IL-6, CRP

B Hemostatic Abnormalities

Pulmonary microthrombi

Myocardial injury

Cardiac biomarkers

Intravascular coagulopathy

C Clinical Outcomes

Venous Thromboembolism



Myocardial Infarction



Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation



Host

NIH Covid-19 Treatment Guidelines; Bikdeli B et al JACC 2020

†D-Dimer, FDPs, PT

#Platelets

Effective treatment of severe COVID-19 patients with tocilizumab

Xiaoling Xu^{a,1,2}, Mingfeng Han^{b,1}, Tiantian Li^a, Wei Sun^b, Dongsheng Wang^a, Binqing Fu^{c,d}, Yonggang Zhou^{c,d}, Xiaohu Zheng^{c,d}, Yun Yang^e, Xiuyong Li^f, Xiaohua Zhang^b, Aijun Pan^e, and Haiming Wei^{c,d,2}

In patients with coronavirus disease 2019, a large number of T lymphocytes and mononuclear macrophages are activated, producing cytokines such as interleukin-6 (IL-6), which bind to the IL-6 receptor on the target cells, causing the cytokine storm and severe inflammatory responses in lungs and other tissues and organs. Tocilizumab, as a recombinant humanized antihuman IL-6 receptor monoclonal antibody, can bind to the IL-6 receptor with high affinity, thus preventing IL-6 itself from binding to its receptor, rendering it incapable of immune damage to target cells, and alleviating the inflammatory responses.

Α 250 200-40 ature (°C) CRP (mg/L) 150 39 100 38-37 50 Before D1 D2 D3 D3 D4N=20 N=21 С 100 <u></u> inhalation 80 of oxygen 92-90 Before D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 Before D1 D2 D3 D4 N=20 N=21

10970-10975 | PNAS | May 19, 2020 | vol. 117 | no. 20

Goals of Treatment Across the COVID-19 Infection Spectrum



EIDD-2801

Orally available broad-spectrum antiviral ribonucleoside analog.

Effective in cell lines and primary human airway epithelial cultures against multiple coronaviruses including SARS-CoV-2.

Drug developed by DRIVE, a non-for-profit biotechnology company owned by Emory University.

Licensed by Ridgeback

Phase 1 (NCT04392219) has begun.

Merck & Co announced plans to acquire Ridgeback to develop and commercialize it.

Writing COVID-19 Guidelines in a Maelstorm



COVID-19 Treatment Guidelines

Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Treatment Guidelines

VIEW GUIDELINES

Credit NIAID-RMI

Infectious Diseases Society of America Guidelines on the Treatment and Management of Patients with COVID-19

Published by IDSA, 4/11/2020

COVID-19 Guideline, Part 2: Infection Prevention

COVID-19 Guideline, Part 3: Diagnostics

Adarsh Bhimraj*, Rebecca L. Morgan**, Amy Hirsch Shumaker, Valery Lavergne**, Lindsey Baden, Vincent Chi-Chung Cheng, Kathryn M. Edwards, Rajesh Gandhi, William J. Muller, John C. O'Horo, Shmuel Shoham, M. Hassan Murad**, Reem A. Mustafa**, Shahnaz Sultan**, Yngve Falck-Ytter**

Final Thoughts

COVID-19 treatment requires multidimensional approach, with an understanding of the host, the stage/severity of disease, and intervention

Depending on host, stage and severity of disease, optimal intervention may differ: antiviral therapy, immunomodulator, combinations (antiviral + immunomodulator)

Lessons from HIV

- Pressure to deploy interventions must be tempered by importance of finding out if a treatment works: our guide must be the science
- Iterative process, building on advances until tipping point is achieved
- Critical to address disparities & inequities revealed by these "twin" pandemics



Acknowledgement

Dr. Rajesh T. Gandhi

Dr. Stan Deresinski

Question & Answer

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Collaboration for a Value & Science-Driven Health System

BREAK Resume at 12:15 PM EST





Collaboration for a Value & Science-Driven Health System

Evidence Generation During the COVID-19 Pandemic: Mobilizing Evidence and the General Public



Dietram A. Scheufele University of Wisconsin- Madison







uw-madison

UNDERSTANDING "INFODEMICS"

Dietram A. Scheufele Taylor-Bascom Chair, and Vilas Distinguished Achievement Professor

University of Wisconsin—Madison and Morgridge Institute for Research



UNDERSTANDING "INFODEMICS"

Scheufele, D. A., Krause, N. M., Freiling, I., & Brossard, D. (2020). How not to lose the COVID-19 communication war. *Issues in Science and Technology, April* 17. Retrieved from https://issues.org/covid-19-communication-war/



- A closer look at the COVID-19 "infodemic"
- "Facts" are elusive during pandemics
- When facts are what each of us wants them to be
- The "accelerated" wickedness of COVID-19

UNDERSTANDING "INFODEMICS"

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A closer look at the COVID-19 "infodemic"

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UW-MADISON LSC

LITTLE SYSTEMATIC SOCIAL SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE OF **A UNIQUE COVID-19 "INFODEMIC"**



- Is there really an "infodemic?"
 - Is public trust in (COVID) science declining?
 - Is mis/disinformation more prevalent or for COVID-19 than for other areas of science, politics, etc.?
 - Does misinformation impact relevant behavioral outcomes, i.e., social distancing, wearing masks, vaccine hesitancy, etc.?
- The scientific answer to many of these questions is either "no," or "we do not know yet"
- Intuitive informational interventions might not always be the best answer ...

UNDERSTANDING "INFODEMICS"

Scheufele, D. A., Krause, N. M., Freiling, I., & Brossard, D. (2020). How not to lose the COVID-19 communication war. *Issues in Science and Technology, April* 17. Retrieved from https://issues.org/covid-19-communication-war/



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- When facts are what each of us wants them to be
- The "accelerated" wickedness of COVID-19



DR. ANTHONY FAUC

"[T]he lack of PPEs and masks for the health providers ... led all of us ... to say, "Right now we really need to save the masks for the people who need them most." When it became clear that the infection could be spread by asymptomatic carriers ... that made it very clear that we had to strongly recommend masks.."

Emissions Surge Back

Reopenings by State

Guardian WHO changed Covid-19 policy based on suspect dat... se employees appear to include a sci-fi writer and adult ovided database behind Lancet and New England ... Tip $^{\uparrow}$ 4K

The New Hork Times

losses 2,975 SHARES **Trump: There won't be** any... 1,782 SHARES

Slide (

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COMMENTS

UNDERSTANDING "INFODEMICS"

Scheufele, D. A., Krause, N. M., Freiling, I., & Brossard, D. (2020). How not to lose the COVID-19 communication war. *Issues in Science and Technology, April* 17. Retrieved from https://issues.org/covid-19-communication-war/



- A closer look at the COVID-19 "infodemic"
- "Facts" are elusive during pandemics
- When facts are what each of us wants them to be
- The "accelerated" wickedness of COVID-19

LSC

ABILITY OR MOTIVATION TO ENGAGED IN BIASED REASONING?

Scheufele, D. A. (2014). Science communication as political communication. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, 111(Supplement 4), 13585-13592. doi:10.1073/pnas.1317516111



- Motivated reasoning
 - (Dis)confirmation biases
 - Biased assimilation
 - Identity protection
- We believe misinformation because it fits our priors, even if a 3-second Google search could tell us otherwise ...

https://www.axios.com/axios-ipsos-coronavirus-week-8-5a1947d5-9850-4e58-9583-9b617e6fdc1b.html

Do you believe the number of Americans dying from COVID-19 is more, less, or about the same as the reported number?

Survey of 1,012 U.S. adults conducted May 1–4, 2020. Reported number in question was 61k deaths as of April 30, 2020.

More		About the same		Less		
Total	44%	44%		1	23%	
Democrats		63		29		7
Independents	45		31		24	
Republicans	24	36		40)	

UNDERSTANDING "INFODEMICS"

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- A closer look at the COVID-19 "infodemic"
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THERE IS NO SINGLE SILVER #SCICOMM BULLET ...



and 21st Century Health Threats.

UW-MADISON

LSC

- ... and certainly not one that works across controversies, stakeholders, or desired outcomes
- But there are a few universal lessons
 - Not repeating misinformation, even to debunk it
 - Language that speaks to shared values rather than (what might unfairly be considered) tribal identities
 - Making value propositions that address salient public concerns, scientific or not
 - Acknowledging that we all hold views that are at odds with scientific evidence
 - Presenting "best" evidence as "best available evidence right now" ... acknowledging that it will (and should) change
 - Our own biases as powerful tools for (behavior) change



THANK YOU



Funding:

National Science Foundation U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Energy Rita Allen Foundation Office of the Vice Chancellor for Research and Graduate Education, University of Wisconsin–Madison

Question & Answer

Panelists

- Always keep your line muted unless you are called on to speak
- If possible, turn on video while speaking to the group. To enable video click the 'start video' option at the bottom left of your screen

Attendees - Q & A

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Audio Settings ^ Leave Meeting Chat Raise Hand Q&A





Collaboration for a Value & Science-Driven Health System

FDA Evidence Accelerator



Amy Abernethy Food and Drug Administration









Real-world Evidence Accelerator – Lessons Learned from COVID-19

Amy P. Abernethy, MD PhD Principal Deputy Commissioner Acting Chief Information Officer U.S. Food and Drug Administration



WHY RWD?

- Urgent need to rapidly understand the natural history of COVID-19
- Many critical clinical evidence needs but limited clinical trial resources (patients, time, competing tasks)
 - RWD evaluation of treatment patterns and impact provides understanding
 - RWD can help prioritize research questions to be answered with clinical trials
 - RWD can improve study design and support participant enrollment
 - Pragmatic and platform/adaptive study designs can improve efficiency and generalizability
- Near real-time performance of diagnostics authorized under EUA
- Near real-time vaccine performance of future potential vaccines

Real-World Data for COVID-19



RUF/FOCR managed workstream

Sits within a larger RWD Community

FDA

A community of data and analytic partners ready to urgently address questions about COVID-19

*Reagan-Udall Foundation (RUF) for the FDA /Friends of Cancer Research (FOCR)



Our Tools

Prioritized research questions



Common data elements and translation tables between common data models



Common protocol for repeated analysis of priority research questions across multiple data partners (the "parallel analysis")



Meetings and forum for rapid cycle feedback and learning



Individual Accelerator communities focused on specific topics (e.g., therapeutics, diagnostics)



for the Food and Drug Administration

FRIENDS of CANCER RESEARCH

*Reagan-Udall Foundation (RUF) for the FDA /Friends of Cancer Research (FOCR)

https://evidenceaccelerator.org/





The COVID-19 Evidence Accelerator is an initiative launched by the Reagan-Udall Foundation for the FDA, in collaboration with Friends of Cancer Research (*Friends*), to provide a unique venue for major data organizations, government and academic researchers, and health systems to gather and design quick-turnaround queries and share their results.

The Accelerator brings together the country's leading experts in health data aggregation and analytics in a unified effort to share insights, compare results, and answer key questions about COVID-19 treatment and response as quickly as possible.

Urgency and Action: Since the beginning of the pandemic, data scientists around the country have been engaged in an intense effort to capture real-world data and rapidly deploy data analytics to help answer key questions related to the management of COVID-19 patients. These individual efforts are developing into valuable insights, by banding together we are collectively accelerating and maximizing the utility of this information. To do this effectively, a core set of common data elements have been developed that allow any willing data collection effort to embed these data elements into their on-going work in a uniform way to allow for rapid aggregation and analysis.

Combining efforts will make the findings more robust and accelerate answers.

Participants in the COVID-19 Evidence Accelerator helped develop an initial set of Key Questions and Core Data Elements that could be used in research using various real-world data sets

Click here for Summary of Key Questions and Core Data Elements

Two Interactive Work Streams:

1) Accelerator Parallel Analyses: Developing key research questions that multiple organizations and teams can address simultaneously.

Initial activities of this work stream include (1) rapidly revising a list of core data elements; (2) identifying those critical to answering the primary question; and (3) establishing uniform collection parameters. It will be necessary to work collaboratively to determine how data elements are being extracted and how they are being defined in order to operationalize a platform that can not only answer questions now, but also inform how research activities could be conducted in

Prioritized Research Questions

General questions / categories of questions:

- General epidemiology of COVID-19
- Predictors of patients at risk for development of severe COVID-19 disease
- Patterns of general outcomes for people with COVID-19 (e.g., death, time to disease resolution)
- Patterns of COVID-19 diagnostic testing and results
- Patterns of development of COVID-19 immunity across the US population
- Can real world data support the evaluation of the performance characteristics of COVID-19 diagnostics?
- Are there data that could help identify an evolving COVID-19 hot spot before molecular testing results become available?
- What medications are doctors prescribing for COVID-19 in the real world?
 - What treatments are being prescribed?
 - Which patients are most likely to get which treatments?
 - What medications are being used for pre- and post-exposure prophylaxis?
 - Which treatments are being prescribed in the context of clinical trials?
 - Treatment patterns for specific subpopulations (e.g., pregnant women, underlying COPD)
- Patterns of enrollment in COVID-19 clinical trials
- Can real world data provide initial understanding of safety and effectiveness of therapies used for COVID-19?
 - In particular: safety of hydroxychloroquine and chloroquine, with or without azithromycin
 - Predictors of treatment safety and effectiveness
 - Safety for specific subpopulations (e.g., pregnancy)
- Are there data that can inform risk and/or management of drug shortages (e.g., surge in demand, available drug supply)?
- Can data sources be used to help identify patients who can donate convalescent plasma?

*Reagan-Udall Foundation (RUF) for the FDA /Friends of Cancer Research (FOCR)

Collaborative

group effort to

align and work

on a common

research

question

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Parallel Analysis Projects

Developing key research questions that multiple organizations and teams can address simultaneously

Repeating analyses in parallel by collaborators using different analytical techniques and data sources will help strengthen findings and learnings

Initial activities of this work stream include:

- 1. Rapidly revising a list of core data elements critical to answering the primary question
- 2. Master protocol and common table shells
- 3. 5-10 research teams analyzing the question

Lab Meeting

COVID-19 EVIDENCE ACCELERATOR LAB MEETING 1



COVID-19 Evidence Accelerator Thursday, April 16, 2020, 3:00 – 4:30 pm ET

Call Summary

Background

Prior to the initiation of this call, 41 organizations were provided a list of draft core data elements and key questions to encourage additional feedback and characterization of key questions. Over 25 responses were collected through the course of three days and rapidly incorporated into a master document that reflects a comprehensive list of key questions across stakeholders and core data elements necessary to address them.

The responses provided to the initial core data elements and key questions have revealed several potential opportunities that could be implemented in different venues. In evaluating the feedback, the key question series below was identified as immediate and feasible and may be a prime candidate for multi-stakeholder collaboration:

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Identifying

unique

populations,

connecting the

dots

Crowdsourcing the Question

How can RWE inform OCE's efforts?

Tailored to Specific Topics

Natural History of Cancer Patients with COVID-19

- Rates and severity of COVID-19, Mortality
- Therapeutic interventions
- Coagulopathy, renal failure, cardiomyopathy, etc.
- Long term sequelae

Rates and Impact of Reduced Screening and Treatment

Delays in diagnosis, adjuvant treatment, impact on mortality

Efficacy and Safety of Immunotherapy in COVID-19

• Lung, melanoma, bladder, MSI, etc.

Thrombosis/coagulopathy in select populations

Natural History of Pediatric cancer patients with COVID-19

Incidence of Multi-organ Inflammatory Syndrome

Diagnostic testing

Routine testing prior to initiation of therapy?

And the list goes on....

RUF / FOCR* Evidence Accelerator Work Streams

Data or analytic EA partners participate in one or more groups

- $\circ~$ Research questions generated within each accelerator
- Work groups cross boundaries of the different EAs

THERAPEUTICS	Weekly Lab Meeting		0			
	Weekly Parallel Analysis	•		dn	S	
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DIAGNOSTICS EA	Weekly Lab Meeting	0		ork	kgr	
	Weekly Parallel Analysis			sy w	wor	
					her	
	Weekly Lab Meeting			Ong	ō	
VACCINES EA]	Weekly Parallel Analysis					

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Real-World Data for COVID-19



FDA

Our Responsibility

The EA with RUF/FOCR provides

a "safe space" for

key players across

the ecosystem to

lead, scrutinize and

"get this right"

*Reagan-Udall Foundation (RUF) for the FDA /Friends of Cancer Research (FOCR)

RWD Priorities

- Data selection
- Protocol design
- Transparency
- Data provenance
- Data quality
- Analytical integrity
- Peer review
- Press interactions



The New Hork Times

Scientists Question Medical Data Used in Second Coronavirus Study

Medical records from a little-known company were used in two studies published in major journals. The New England Journal of Medicine has asked to see the data.

hydroxychloroquine



The Lancet retracts large study on

Still important to understand whether #surgisphere data for @TheLancet & @NEJM was flawed vs. fraudulent

If flawed, important to inform how we consider future #RWD efforts and quality

If fraudulent, then centers around researc **TheScientist**



A first-year statistics major could tell you about major flaws in the design of the analysis," o





DRAFT PRINCIPLES for the EA

Respect for patient privacy

- Act fast, Traceability and provenance understand data generation, processing, curation, and analytics
- **Transparency**, ruthless transparency
 - Traceability and provenance understand data generation, processing, curation, and analytics
- 05

01

02

03

04

- **Sharing** show process, explore limitations, pitfalls, and celebration successes bring work and learnings to the community
- 06
- **Build trust** show processes. Show curation approaches. Show comparisons. Curation is expensive and takes time, many "eyes" along the way, yields trust, understanding, and confidence in the results
- 07
- Embrace convergence and discordance to facilitate understanding
- 08
- Learning is additive, and continuously integrated to improve knowledge and understanding
- 09 **Dissemination** responsible evidence generation (show what good looks like)

Question & Answer

Panelists

@theNAMedicine

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Collaboration for a Value & Science-Driven Health System

Reflections From Speakers





Collaboration for a Value & Science-Driven Health System

Evidence Mobilization Action Collaborative

For more information about the **Evidence Mobilization Action Collaborative**

or to share opportunities to address and advance this work, please contact:

Noor Ahmed National Academy of Medicine <u>MAhmed@nas.edu</u>



NATIONAL ACADEMY OF MEDICINE

Closing Remarks

Thank you for joining!

For more information about the National Academy of Medicine's initiatives, please visit us at: **nam.edu**



